The structure and utilization of silk constructs by *Hyllus semicupreus* (Simon, 1885) (Araneae: Salticidae)

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The genus *Hyllus* C. L. Koch, 1846 is represented by four species in India: *H. bos* (Sundevall, 1833), *H. semicupreus* (Simon, 1885), *H. pudicus* Thorell, 1895 and *H. manu* Caleb *et al.*, 2014 (Keswani *et al.*, 2012; Caleb *et al.*, 2014; WSC, 2015). The natural history, including behavior, biology and distribution, of these spiders is little known. The use of shelters by salticids, although a commonly observed phenomenon, has received little attention (Dr. David E. Hill, pers. comm.).

On 27 September 2013 at 22:15, while documenting the Araneae of Aarey Milk Colony, Mumbai, a 4000 acres eclectic mix of highly varied ecosystems, dominated by cultivated grassland and interspersed with wooded scrub and shrubland, a small resting sac inhabited by a female *H. semicupreus* was observed close to the petiole of two parallel, elongated leaves of a shrub (sp. indet.) about 5 feet from ground level. This sac possessed a slightly raised silken base with a single opening on one side, secured at various points to both the ventral surface of the upper leaf and the dorsal surface of the lower leaf, further fortified by additional criss-crossing strands of silk (Figure 1). A follow up daytime visit to the study area revealed the sac to be uninhabited. Later a male *H. semicupreus* was found occupying it at night (Figure 2).

**Figures 1-2.** 1, Resting sac inhabited by female *Hyllus semicupreus*. 2, The same resting sac later occupied by a male *H. semicupreus*. 
Two additional instances of the use of a similar silken structure by this species during a period of daytime (mid-afternoon) inactivity were observed in the town of Tarapur, Maharashtra (Dr. Atul Vartak, pers. comm.). In one instance a post-molt female, as evidenced by the recently shed exuvium, was seen resting inside a silk-lined, conically folded *Hibiscus* leaf about 4 feet above ground level.

*Hyllus semicupreus* is thought to be an endemic South Asian salticid (Siliwal *et al.*, 2006), and has been recorded from Kerala in South India (Prószyński, 2014), and from the agricultural fields of Amravati District in the state of Maharashtra in Western India (Sharma *et al.*, 2013). This is the first time that this species has been reported from the Mumbai region.

Sub-adult and adult *H. semicupreus* were also observed and photographed on at least two other occasions in the study area, on the 22 November 2012 and 2 March 2014 (Figures 3 and 4).

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References


